1-800-988-6626 PARTS 1-800-933-0031

Installation Guide

4.0 kW

BFA

Spec. 16004 Series

GenSet

RV Electric Generating Set







SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The following symbols in this manual signal potentially dangerous conditions to the operator or equipment. Read this manual carriolly. Know when these conditions can exist. Then, take necessary steps to protect personnel as well as equipment.

WARNING Onan uses this symbol throughout this manual to warn of possible serious personal injury.

CAUTION

This symbol refers to possible equipment damage.

Fuels, electrical equipment, batteries, exhaust gases and moving parts present potential hazards that could result in serious, personal injury. Take care in following these recommended procedures.

 Use Extreme Caution Near Gasoline. A constant potential explosive or fire bazard exists.

Do not fill fuel tank near unit with engine running. Do not smoke or use open thame near the unit or the fuel tank.

Be sure all fuel supplies have a positive shutolf valve.

Fuel lines must be of steel piping, adequately secured and free of leaks. Use a flexible section of fuel line between generator set and stationary fuel line in the vehicle. This flexible section must be 100%. NON-METALLIC to prevent electrical currents from using it as a conductor.

Have a fire extinguisher nearby. Be sure extinguisher is properly maintained and be familiar with its proper use. Extinguishers rated ABC by the NFPA are appropriate for all applications. Consult the local fire department for the correct type of extinguisher for various applications.

· Guard Against Electric Shock

Remove electric power before removing projective shields or touching electrical equipment. Use rubber insulative mass placed on dry wood platforms over floors that are motal or concrete when around electrical equipment. Do not wear damp clothing (particularly wet shoes) or allow skin surfaces to be damp when handling electrical equipment.

Jewelry is a good conductor of electricity and should be removed when working an electrical equipment. Always use an appropriately sized, approved double-throw transfer switch with any standby generator set. DO NOT PLUG PORTABLE OR STANDBY SETS DIRECTLY INTO A HOUSE RECEPTACLE TO PROVIDE EMERGENCY POWER. It is possible for current to flow from generator into the utility line. This creates extreme hazards to anyone working on lines to restore power.

Use extreme caution when working on electrical components. High voltages cause injury or death

Followiall state and local electrical codes. Have all electrical installations performed by a qualified licensed electrician.

. Do Not Smoke White Servicing Batteries

Lead acid batteries emit a highly explosive hydrogen gas that can be ignited by electrical arcing or by smoking

. Exhaust Gases Are Toxic

Provide an adequate exhaust system to properly expell discharged gases. Check exhaust system regularly for leaks. Ensure that exhaust manifolds are secure and not warped.

Be sure the unit is well venillated.

. Keep The Unit And Surrounding Area Clean

Remove all oil deposits. Remove all unnecessary grease and oil from the unit. Accumulated grease and oil can cause overheating and subsequent engine damage and may present a potential fire barard.

Do NOT store anything in the generator compartment such as oil or gas cans, pily rags, chains, wooden blocks, propage tanks, etc. A fire could result or the generator set operation (cooling, noise and vibration) may be adversely affected. Keep the compartment floor clean and dry.

Protect Against Moving Parts

Avoid moving parts of the unit Loose jackets, shirts or sleeves should not be permitted because of the danger of becoming caught in moving parts.

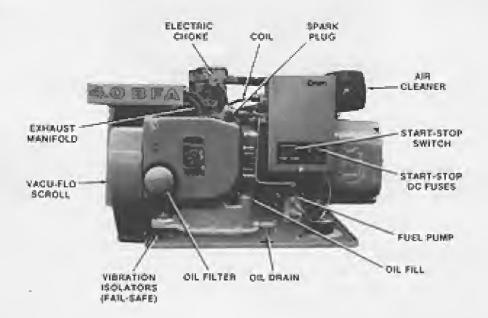
Make sure all nuts and boils are secure. Keep power shields and guards in position.

If adjustments must be made while the unit is running, use extreme caution around hot manifolds, moving parts, etc.

Oo not work on this equipment when mentally or physically fatigued.

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INTRODUCTION

This manual covers detailed installation procedures for the UL Listed/CSA Certified Onan model 4.0 BFA-1R recreational vehicle electric generating sets. Each Onan RV electric generating set MUST be installed properly. If it is to operate reliably, quietly and most important safely, even though the set itself meets or exceeds all Listing Requirements. Being Listed and Certified means this electric generating set meets or exceeds all requirements of ANSI/NFPA 501C-1977 Chapter 4 (Electrical Systems) and Chapter 5 (Fire and Life Safety) and ANSI A198.1 as well as UL Subject 1248 and CSA Electrical Bulletin #946.

All Motor Home Installations MUST comply with these specifications as well as Article S51, ANSI C1-1975/NFPA No. 70-1978 of the National Electrical Code. The Motor Home Manufacturer and/or the generator set installer MUST comply with above codes and any local codes which perfain to the generator set installation.

This manual provides detailed installation guidelines for this Onan model ONLY. For operation and maintenance procedures, refer to the individual Operator's manual which accompanies each set. The Operator's manual is #965-0122.



WARNING

TO PREVENT FIRE OR ACCIDENT HAZARD...
THIS UNIT MUST BE INSTALLED ACCORDING
TO THE MANUFACTURER'S DETAILED INSTALLATION PROCEDURES OBSERVING ALL
MINIMUM CLEARANCES.

TO AVOID POSSIBLE PERSONAL INJURY OR EQUIPMENT DAMAGE. ANY INSTALLATION AND ALL SERVICE MUST BE PERFORMED BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE

Onen opposed 2-cytinder, 4-cycle, air cooled, gasotine fueled engine rated 8.5 blip at 1800 rpm. Remote start, negative ground, 12-volt, motorized alternator cranking.

ALTERNATOR

Onan-built, lour-pole, revolving armature permanently aligned to engine. Generator produces 120 volts. 33.3 amps., 60 hertz, single phase AC, 4000 wattloutput.

CONTROL

Front mounted control featuring automatic electric choke and fuel pump, fused battery charging and Start Stop controls with remote start capability.

RV ELECTRIC GENERATING SET

Some general specifications are listed below for reference purposes,

SPECIFICATIONS

Height	30,40 in, (772 mm) 18.00 in. (457 mm)
Air Requirements Total (CFM)	(sprox. 500 (14.15 m²/min)
Size. Battery Voltage	1/4" Barb of 1/8 NPTF
Battery AMP-HR Minimum. Battery Ground RPM (At rated load 60 Hz)	Negative

NOTE: Metric values are shown in parentheses.

PRE-START CHECKS

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This RV generator set is complete as received except for exhaust components and any other optional accessory items which are shipped loose with each set for installation later. After the initial installation is completed the following steps are necessary before actually starting the generator set for the first time.

- 1. Install the exhaust system.
- 2. Add oil to the engine.
- 3. Connect fuel line to engine from fuel supply tank,
- 4. Connect electrical leads to load circuits.
- 5. Connect the start stop remote switches (if used),
- Connect battery leads between set and battery. Connect ground lead last.

Vehicle chassis (frame) ground and malbattery and generator set ground should sit be electrically connected to be at 0 ground potential. All Onen units are designed for negative ground application.

FUEL SYSTEM

With set running, check for leaks. Paw fuel will cause fumes which could EXPLODE. Check around carburetor and fuel pump inlets. Make sure fuel lines are not rubbing against anything which could cause breakage.

ELECTRICAL

AC Output

AC teads (MT, M2.) terminate in generalor set's junction box. These wires should be connected to distribution box with multistrand wire enclosed in a flexible conduit. Check all wires (to and from the generator set) for fraying and losse connections. For information on load connections refer to ELECTRICAL LOADS AND CONNECTIONS section following.

Battery Connections

Battery positive (+) connects to start solenoid, Battery negative (-) connects to location on rear of generator. Check terminals on set for clean and tight connections.

WARNING being chereed.

Do not smake white servicing batteries. Lead acid batteries give off expresive gases white

WARNING

ENGINE EXHAUST GAS (CARBON MONOXIDE) IS DEADLY!

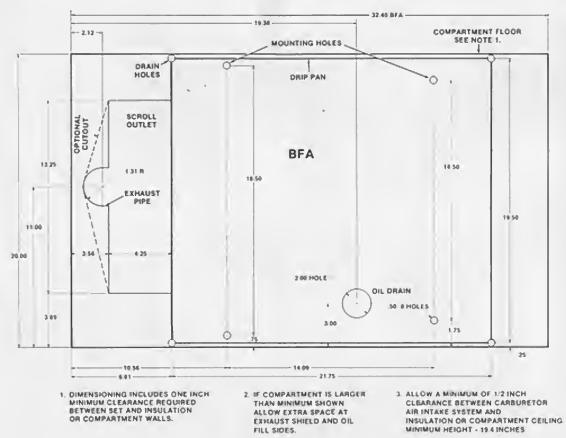
Carbon monoxide is an odorless, colorless gas formed by incomplete combustion of hydrocarbon fuels. Carbon monoxide is a dangerous gas that can cause unconsciousness and is potentially lethet. Some of the symptoms or signs of carbon monoxide inhalation are:

- Dizziness
- · Intense Headache
- Weakness and Sleepiness
- · Vomiting
- · Muscular Twitching
- . Throbbling in Temples

If you experience any of the above symptoms, get out into fresh air immediately.

The best protection against carbon monoxide inhalation is a regular inspection of the complete exhaust system. If you notice a change in the sound or appearance of exhaust system, shut the unit down immediately and have it inspected and repaired at once by a competent mechanic.

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2. IF COMPARTMENT IS LARGER THAN MINIMUM SHOWN ALLOW EXTRA SPACE AT EXHAUST SHIELD AND OIL FILL SIDES.

COMPARTMENT SIZE AND LOCATION



COMPARTMENT SIZE AND LOCATION

Compartment location is determined largely by:

- 1. Physical size.
- 2. Access opening.
- 3. Mounting support-most important of all.

Physical Size

The area in the vehicle for the electric generating set must be large enough for the compartment, with specified minimum clearance between the electric generating set and compartment walls or ceiling (and acoustical material, if used). See Figure 1.

ACCESS OPENING

Plan the location for an access opening large enough to permit set removal. Compartment door should be designed for easy removal or for easy access for operator or service personal.

MOUNTING SUPPORT

Because of compartment weight, the most desirable mounting location is between the main frame members of the recreational vehicle. However, this is seldom possible. Most common installations are on the side of the vehicle and most difficult to reinforce. One side of the compartment is fastened to the frame and the opposite side secured to the body. Compartment floor must be metal.

Channel, box or angle iron can be used for a compariment frame with a sheel metal cover.

COMPARTMENT

- Install the generator set in it's own compartment. Compartment area must be separated from the twing quarters and any (gasoline or vehicle propane) fuel supply by a vapor-tight wall.
- Line the compartment or separate from living quarters with a fire barrier of sheet metal or other noncombustible material. The compartment can also be readity sealed and lends itself easily to sound or acoustical treatment.

WARNING

Do not use flammable material directly above or around the electric generating set compariment. Heat insnetered through the sheet metal compariment structure or other material can be MOT enough to discolor, charge ignite liberboard, sets dushions, etc. Useful asbestos or other mencombustible temperature insulating material in high temperature areas may be necessary.

 See Figure 1 for minimum clearances and compartment size. 4 DO NOT use absorbent sound proofing material on compartment floor. The floor should have sammal openings to reduce entrance of road dirt. Compartment floor must be so constructed as to prevent accumulation of oil, fuel or water in any corner. Drainage can be accomplished fluough the use of a 1/2" diameter hole hear each corner or other suitable means.

WARNING Be sure hole is not directly above multier to prevent like haund.

Equip base with an oil drain hole to outside of compartment. It is recommended that the recreational vehicle manufacturer provide a raised edge or collar around exhaust pipe outlet to prevent gasoline leakage onto exhaust system to meet requirements of CSA #946.

MOUNTING

Before actual mounting of the electric generating set takes place, read this entire manual. Additional allowances should be made to allow easy access to the oil fill, drain and oil dip stick as well as the air cleaner element for service purposes.



FIGURE 2. VIBRATION ISOLATORS

VIBRATION ISOLATORS

Rubber vibration isolators are furnished with all Onan recreational vehicle models.

CAUTION Use only the vibration isolators provided with the electric generating set, as they are designed to support unit's weight.

- Onan mounts are a "through boll" type which prevent the set from breaking loose if they are damaged.
- 2 Vibration isolators of the type shown (with snubbing washers) in Figure 2 must be installed properly to minimize vibration. Leave 1/16-inch minimum clearance between the snubbing washers as shown in Figure 2.



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VENTILATION AND ACOUSTICS

The most important factors of ventilation for an aircooled mobile relective generaling set are sufficient incoming cooling for and exhausting healed air. Defore considering the installation problems, knowledge of flow an Onanium cools itself is needed.

VACU-FLO COOLING

All Onan electric generating sets for recreational vehicles use Vacu-Flo cooling, a centrifugal fan in a scroll heusing on the engine end (Figure 3)

- It draws air from the generalor end of the compartment, through the generator and over the cooling surfaces of the engine, then discharges the heared air out through the Vacu-Flo discharge opening
- All standard sets for recreational vehicles have the Vacu-Flosoroti positioned downward. Be sure nothing obstructs or restricts discharged airflow.

WARNING

Never use discharged cooling air for heating since it can contain politonous

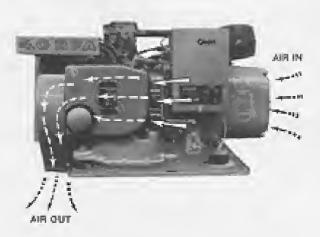


FIGURE 3 TYPICAL ONAN MOBILE COOLING SYSTEM

Allow for ducts or obstructions of arribow. Position of the air openings must permit arribow white the unit is running to purge the compartment of heated air. But on shuldown, the openings must allow for convection cooling of the compartment for heated air to escape.

AIR REQUIREMENTS

Cooling air requirements for Onan electric generating sets vary with type and size. Special equipment is needed to measure it. Since the discharge area can't be changed, air inlet opening is critical? The 4.0 kW BFA running at 1800 rpm requires a limiting tree air inlet area of 85 square inches with no restrictions and the air discharge is 480 cubic feet per rainula.

The Onan UL tested air cleaner element is specifically designed to meet the combustion air requirements of the 4.0BFA. This element should be replaced each 200 hours of operation and more often in extremely dusty conditions.

RESTRICTED AIR OPENINGS

Sheet metal with louvers can be used over interareas. However, some provide only 60 percent free interarea per square foot. Even the most efficient grille only provides about 90 percent free interarea per square foot. The free interarea of the material can be obtained from the manufacturer. Calculate the interarea needed using the following information as a guide. See Figure 4.

Unrestricted air inlet requirements for this set is 85 square inches. The 85 square inches should be dwided by the percent (%) of free air of the proposed lower to determine necessary surface area for this set.

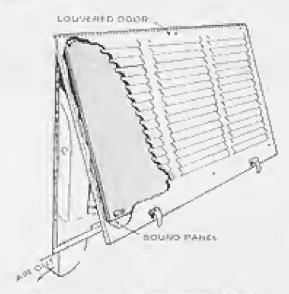


FIGURE 4. TYPICAL LOUVERED DOOR AIR INSUE

COMPARTMENT ACOUSTICAL LINING

- Be sure all joints and corners of the compartment are vapor light to coach interior before lining with accurate an interial.
 - Lining the compartment does little if opening, cracks, door and joints are not sealed. Also make sure compartment door edge is sealed to climinate noise-air leaks around the door perimeter.
- 2 Cover the sound reflective surfaces, back, top and sides (not compartment base) with fiberglass or other denoembusible accustical material. It should be no less than one inch thick and approximately two pounds per square toot in density. Be sure adhesive used is also noncomposible. Test acoustical material and adhesive for pear effects before using.
- 3. Rather than using one single material of two pound per square foot density, a combination of materials can reduce noise even more. For example, a sheet of lead or viscelastic material of onehalf to one pound per square foot density and a tayer of one inch acoustical material of two pound per square foot density, respectively, is far more superior.
- 4. To prevent line of sight noise, a sound panel (baffle) may be added behind louvered air inlet. The panel must be spaced to allow for minimum free air inlet of 85 square inches. See Figure 4.

WARNING Separate installation area or compartment from living quarters by a supportigit wait to prevent entrance of nexious turnes to interior.

WARNING insulation must not reduce the minimum clearances as specified in Figure 1 to meet ANSI 198.8 and CSA 1946 Immperature rise requirements for recreational vehicles.



FUEL SYSTEM

RECOMMENDED FUEL

Use clean, fresh, unleaded or regular grade gasoline. Do not use highly leaded premium fuels. Using unleaded gasoline results in reduced valve and carbon cleanout maintenance.

If the use of unleaded gasoline is desired, use regular gasoline for the first 25 hours to allow the rings to seat well for best performance. Then use unleaded gasoline thereafter.

If regular gasoline is used continually, carbon and lead deposits must be removed from the cylinder heads as required because of engine power loss. Unleaded gasoline may be used safely after lead deposits have been removed.

WARNING

Leakage of gasoline in or around the compariment is a serious tire hazard. The ventila-

tion system should provide a constant flow of air to expet any accumulation of first vapor white the vehicle is in transit. Compatitionally must be vapor light to the interior to keep furners from within the vehicle.

FUEL CONSUMPTION

It should be noted that under varying electrical loads, fuel consumption of engines for recreational vehicle generator sets varies accordingly. Average fuel consumption at rated 60 Hz load is 0.88 gallons per hour.

FUEL LINES AND FUEL FILTERS Fuel Lines

- Most electric generating set installations are designed to share the vehicle fuel supply tank with the vehicle engine, All connections to vehicle fuel system must be in accordance with chassis (vehicle) manufacturers' detailed installation instructions.
- Install an approved flexible non-metallic and nonorganic fuel line between the vehicle fuel system and the engine to absorb vibration.
- Use of seamless steel tubing and flared connections are recommended for long runs between the fuel tank and the flexible connector to the generator set.
- Run fuel lines at the top level of tank to a point as close to the engine as possible to reduce danger of fuel siphoning out of tank if the line should break
- Keep fuel lines away from hot engine or exhaust areas. This reduces chance of vapor lock.

- Flexible line must be long enough to allow for 4" of set movement to prevent binding, stretching or breaking because of set movement.
- 7. Install lines so they are accessible and protected from damage.
- Use metal straps without sharp edges to secure the fuel lines.
- 9. Do not run fuel line in conjunction with electrical wiring

Fuel Filters

Onan electric generating sets with electric fuel pumps have phenolic or screen filters within the fuel pump itself. Additional filters in the fuel line are unnecessary unless unusual operating conditions exist.

FUEL SHUT OFF

The positive fuel shut-off prevents flooding of the generator set, when not in use, should the vehicle fuel tank become pressurized.

Operating the generator set from a tee in the main fuel line can cause estatic operation when nehigle is operated at highway speeds. The set's fuel pump has relifier the capacity nor the power to overcome the draw of vehicle engine fuel pump.

GASOLINE EVAPORATIVE CONTROL SYSTEMS

With the increasing emphasis on pollution controls, certain states are now requiring strict evaporative controls on vehicle gasotine supply systems. Manufacturers of RV chassis and vehicles in general have complied to new regulations for these areas by using special design gas tanks, filler tubes, filler gas caps and interconnecting vapor tubing from the vehicle gas tank through a special canister to the vehicle engine.

Because these systems are designed to operate in a critical pressure range, it is very important during connection of an electric generating set and building of the motor home, etc., the vehicle manufacturer's fuel supply design not be altered. The filter tube, fill limiter vent, canister, vapor lines and gas fill cap should not be changed, removed or replaced unless receiving recommendations and approval from the vehicle manufacturer. If not, serious vehicle engine and generator set operating conditions could result.

EXHAUST SYSTEM

Plan each individual exhaust system carefully. A proper installation is not only gas tight, but usually quieter, too. Be sure to check all applicable recreational vehicle standards, local codes and regulations.

WARNING

Plan the exhaust system carefully. Exhaust gases are deadly!

CAUTION Do not connect the electric generating set exhaust to the vehicle exhaust system. Water vapor from one engine can damage the other engine.

- Where the exhaust system passes through the base or floor, leave adequate clearance as protection against exhaust pipe damage from vibration (Figure 8). The metal around the hole should be turned up or some type of collar used to prevent gas or oil from draining onto hot exhaust parts.
- The exhaust system must be no closer than 1-1/2 inches from any combustible material, or be so located, insulated or shielded so it does not raise the temperature of any combustible material by more than 117°F (65°C) above the ambient air inlet temperature.

IMPORTANT: Certain states (particularly Galifornia) have state ordinances pertaining to the type and urage of eshares multier/speck assesters on internal combustion engines or engine driven equipment when used in a recreational vehicle such as electric generating sets. Be sure your installation meets all fiederal, State and local codes pertaining to your unit. Failure to provide and maintain a speck arrester may be in violation of the law.

the coach as the compartment, it should terminate aft of the air intake to prevent recirculation of exhaust fumes.

WARNING Do not terminate poisonous carbon monoxide exhaust gas under rehicle. Direct exhaust gases away from window and door openings. Keep all openings above of to the rear of exhaust pipes closed when generator set is operating.

- Exhaust pipe must terminate a minimum of three feet from the vehicle gasoline filler spout (more distance if required by local codes).
- Use automotive type tail size hangers for tranging the exhaust system from vehicle undercarriage.

CAUTION If tak pipe deflector is used, be sure it is presented. By take the presented excessive back presented.

EXHAUST SPARK ARRESTERS

Exhaust spark arresters are necessary for SAFE OPERATION. All require periodic clean-out (every 50 to 100 operating hours) to maintain maximum efficiency. Some state and federal parks require them. To clean spark arrester remove pipe plug in bottom of muffler. But set under load for 5 minutes. Replace plug.

WARNING All exhaust shielding supplied with unit, MUST be properly installed to prevent overheating of compartment wells or the possessing of tire.

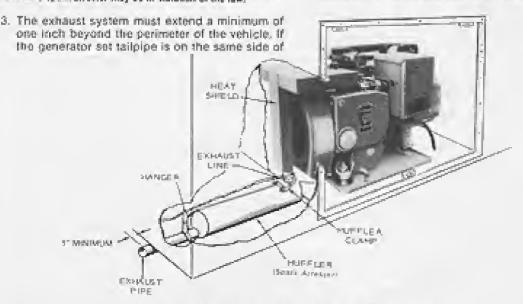


FIGURE 6. TYPICAL EXPLAUST SYSTEM INSTALLATION

ASSEMBLY INSTRUCTIONS FOR IN-STALLATION OF EXHAUST ACCESSORY KIT

These exhaust shields and components MUST be properly installed to maintain the generator compartment temperature rise requirements within the limits of ANSI A 198.1 and CSA Electrical Bulletin #946 regulations and for proper operation of the generator set. The exhaust system must NOT raise the temperature of any combustible material by more than 117° F (65°C) above the ambient air inlet temperature. Proceed as follows:

- After set is completely installed in generator set compartment, install the exhaust down pipe and secure with 5/16-18 bolts, nuts and washers supplied. Be sure to install asbestos gasket between exhaust manifold flanges to prevent leaks.
- Install downpipe shield in place by engaging tab (on inside of shield) in the clamp (already positioned on downpipe) between the locking screw and the clamp. Tighten clamp locking screw securely.

- 3. Install and tighten top 1/4" bolt securely.
- Recheck and tighten any loose bolts. If downpipe shield is loose, adjust clamp on downpipe and tighten securely.
- Install and connect the mutilier to the downpipe on underside of compartment floor using hanger bracket and u-bolt supplied. Tighten all connections securely.
- Aun the generator set for five minutes and check exhaust system (visually and audibly) for leaks or excessive noise.
- Clean spark arrestor multier every 100 hours of operation. Remove 1/6" pipe plug in bottom of multier and run set for 5 minutes. Then replace pipe plug. Check exhaust system (visually and audibly) for leaks daily (at least every 8 hours of runging time).

EXHAUST SYSTEM MODIFICATIONS

If exhaust down pipe needs to be shortened, stats must be cut in down pipe after pipe is out.

Modifications of exhaust system (other than shortening of down pipe) will void one UL/CSA approval and watranty. Liability for damage or injury and warranty expenses due to any changes become the responsibility of the perion making such changes.





ELECTRICAL LOADS AND CONNECTIONS

All of the following description pertains to afternating current Önan electric generating sets for recreational vehicles.

- All wiring must meet applicable local electrical. codes. Have a qualified electrician install and inspect the winner
- 2. Wires must be adequate size, properly insulated. and supported in an approved manner.
- Mount switches and controls securely to prevent. damage from vibration and road shocks. All switches must be vibration-proof to prevent acdidental opening or closing white the vehicle is inmotion.
- 4. Install an approved junction box for feeder conductors from the electric generating set. It must have a blank cover and be inside compartment. (not on set).

To prevent noxious gases from entering webi-cle interior, seel any openings made in the WARNING self's compartment for conduit, wiring, etc.



WIRE TYPES

Use multistrand wire which meers all applicable codes as feeder conductors, from electric generating. set to compartment junction box. Many installers use: multistrand wire throughout the vehicle to reduce the danger of breakage from vibration.

The conductors of the electric generating set shall. have an ampacity not less than 115 percent of the nameplate current rating of the generator. Neutral conductors shall be the same size as the conductors. at the outside leas.

Supply conductors from the electric generating set to the junction box on the compartment wall must be installed in flexible conquit.

CAUTION

Do not use solid metal conductors in comparament. They may develop metal ratigue from set movement and eventually break.

WARNING

Decease of fire hazard, do not se electrical wiring to last line.

DISCONNECT SWITCH

The leeder conductors from the set compartment must terminate in a double-pole, double-throw positive attawitch device for 120 volt operation before. the vehicle distribution panel. This assures the outside power source cannot be connected simultaneously with the electric generating set. For 120/240 volt operation, a 3-pole, double-throw,

positive off, switching device must be used. Neutral must be switched.

Use only approved power supply assembles. WARNING 1 Never remove prounding pin from power supply assembly, incorrect or no ground may cause the recreational vehicle to be electrically "hot."

STARTING CONTROLS

Remote control Onan electric generating sets are designated by an "R" in the model number and allow the operator to start the set inside the vehicle, etc. See operator's manual for more specific information.

LOAD CONNECTIONS

Generator set load wires M1 and M2 terminate within the junction box. Connect and join wires within junction box in an approved manner. See Figure 7.

On motor houses which have provisions for using outside AC utility power (separate from the electric generating set) the neutral as well as the "Hot" lead MUST be completely isolated from the motor home. when load or power is switched.

The operation of a typical transfer device is shown in Figure 8. In addition to the transfer device, an over current protection device forcuit breaker or fuser. shall be provided between the transfer device and the AC circuit in the motor home. The generator set field has inherent overload protection when any overload. is applied, frequency will sag which causes output voltage to drop and in turn the generator set field drops to žero voltage. A ground fault circuit interrupter should be installed in the wiring system to protect all branch circuits.

POWER REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLIANCES

Appliance or Tool	Approximate Running Waltage
Refrigerator	600-1000
Electric broom	
Coffee percolator	550-700
Electric Trying pan	1000-1350
Hair dryer	
Electric stove (per element)	
Electric iron	500-1200
Radio	
Electric water heater	1000-1500
Space heater	
Electric blanket	50-200
Television	
Electric drill	
Battery charges	Up to 800
Electric water pump	500-600
Air Conditioner	
Converter	
Microwave oven	700-1500

120 VOLT, 2 WINE

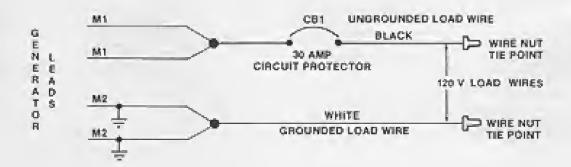
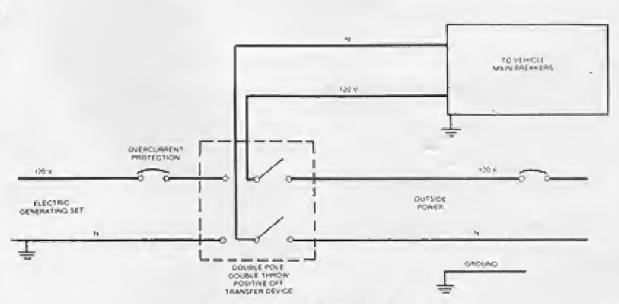
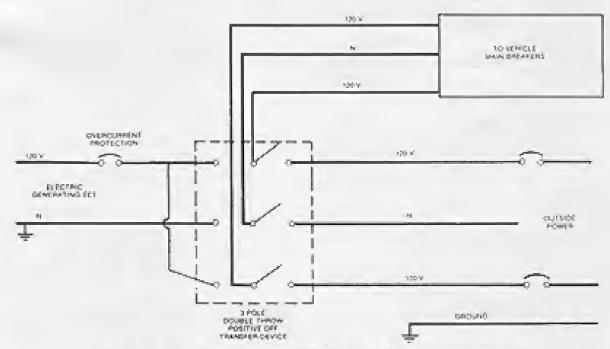


FIGURE 1. SINGLE-PHASE, "18" VOLTAGE CODE GENERATOR CONNECTIONS



120 YOLT LINE AND 120 YOLT GENERATOR SET



120/240 VOLT LINE AND 120 VOLT GENERATOR SET. (NOTE: 240 VOLT APPLIANCES ARE INOPERATIVE WHEN CONNECTED TO GENERATOR SET.)

FIGURE 8. SCHEMATIC OF TRANSFER DEVICE AND OVERLOAD PROTECTION

BATTERIES



BATTERY CARE

To increase battery life, the operator can perform a number of routine checks and some preventive maintenance.

- Keep the battery case clean and dry.
- 2. Make sure the battery cable connections are clean and light. Use a terminal puller when removing cables for any reason.
- 3 Coat the battery terminals with a mineral greate. or petroleum jelly to reduce corrosion and oxida-
- 4. Identify each battery cable to be positive or negative before making any connection. Always connect the ground (negative) cable last.
- 5. Maintain the electrolyte level by adding water (drinking quality or better) as needed for filling to split level marker. (The water ingredient of the electrolyte evaporates, but the sulphuric acid ingredient remains. Therefore, add water, not electrolyte F
- 6 Avoid overcharging when recharging. Stop the boost charge when the specific gravity is 1.260. and the electrolyte is 80°F (26.7°C).

WARNING

Do not smoke white servicing batteries. Lead acid balleries give off explosive gases while

being charged.

BATTERIES AND BATTERY CABLES

In order for the electric generating set to crank efficiently under various operating conditions, the battery and battery cables must be correctly chosen. and installed. Before selecting a battery, be sure the installation area is compatible and properly designed. The compariment for the battery must provide:

- 1. Rigid mounting support.
- 2. A location where accidental acid spills or leaks won't damage sat, battery cables, etc.
- 3. Provide a minimum of 2 square inches at top and 2 square inches at bottom of battery for ventilation. purposes.
- 4. Battery cable entry points should be scaled (vapor tight) if they enter or pass through living acca

WARNING

Mount the bettery in a separate comperiment. from the set or any speck-producing device to prevent fire or explosion.

CAUTION

Never disconnect the battery with either engine running and never crank both engines simultaneously.

BATTERY CABLES

For reliable starting, voltage drop from the battery terminals to the exciter cranking windings of the generator should not exceed 0.12 volts per 100 amperes of break-away current while cranking. Measure voltage at bottery terminals and at start solenoid terminals while cranking. Disconnect spark. plug wire during test. The battery cables in Table 1. will meet this condition if the grounding system is adequate. Connect the battery negative to ground with the same size cable as used for battery positive.

Be sure the frame connection (majo) frame member if possible) is sufficient to minimize resistance. Try to avoid a connection at a weld or mechanical joint.

For strong distances, one negative battery cable can be used between set and battery rather than separate cables to chassis ground,

The 4.0BFA draws 75-100 amperes of granking quirrent.

The break-away current is 300 to 400 amperes.

The charging current varies from 1-2 amperes depending on battery condition (state of charge).

For additional information on installation contact your Onan Service Representative or request Technical Bullown 7-012 from Onan.

Onen recommends using a separate ballery for operation of the generator set in addition to the regular vehicle starting battery.

TABLE, I. RECOMMENDED BATTERY CABLES FOR RELIABLE COLD WEATHER STARTING

ÇARLE ŞIZE
2
900

Distance from battery to sec.

Do not disconnect battery cables from battery WARNING while generator set is cranking or running; áblicks máy cause an explosion.

TABLE 2. MINIMUM 12 YOLT BATTERY SIZE"

Above 32" F (0" C)	Below 32" F (6" C)
890 Cold Cranking Amps	500 Cold Granking Amps
[Approximately 70 Amp/Hr]	(Approximately 55 Amp/Hr)

Larger capacity batteries may be required it battery is also uprolicpower other couch accessories.



REMOTE ACCESSORIES

INSTALLING STANDARD OR DELUXE REMOTE START CONTROLS 300-0985 AND 300-0986

The standard control includes a start-stop switch and indicator lamp. The deluxe control contains these items plus a running time meter and a battery condition meter. Install as follows:

- Select control location. Using Figure 9 or 10 as a guide, driff screw holes and cut hole to accomodate remote switch in dash panel.
- Following national local electrical codes and using #18 or larger insulated wires of predetermined length, connect remote control to generator set. Ensure that leads from remote control connect to corresponding terminals on generator set. Refer to Figure 11 for wiring connections.

CAUTION De not route DC wires for remote control through conduit containing AC load wir-

 Insert remote control in hole cutout and secure with woodscrews supplied with switch.

WARNING

Seal ail holes that might allow noulous gases to enter motor home.

CAUTION on generalor set.

Ensure that leads from temote switch connect with corresponding terminals

For sels without remote connector plug, connect terminals 1, 2, and 3 to corresponding terminals on generator set terminal block. Connect terminal #5 (if used) to 8: (an terminal block) of battery connection on start sciencid. This connection should be protected with a 5-simp fure. Connect terminal #6 to positive terminal #6 to positive terminal #6 to positive terminal on ignition coil and protect with a 5-simp fuse.

4 When wiring is complete, check for proper operation by starting and stopping set at the set control and by the remote start switch.

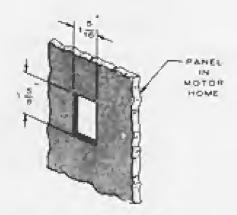


FIGURE 9. MOTOR HOME CUTOUT FOR 300-0985 STANDARD CONTROL PANEL

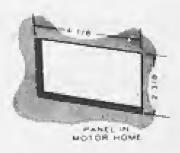


FIGURE 19. MOTOR HOME CUTOUT FOR 390-0986 DELUXE CONTROL PANEL

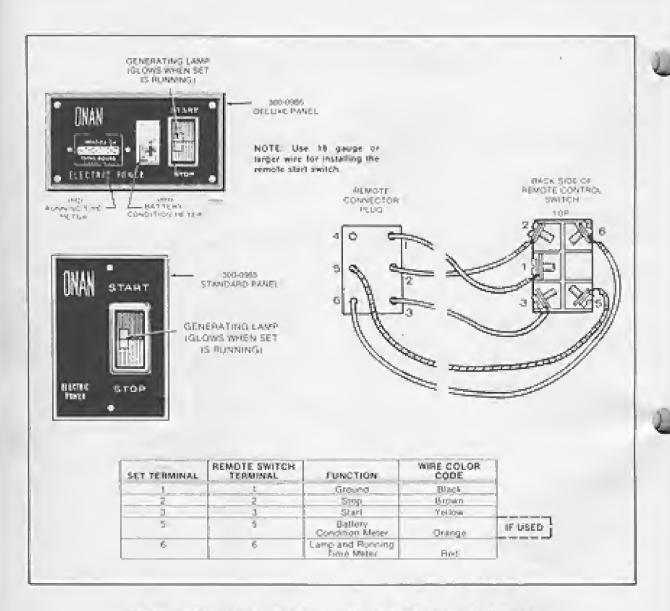


FIGURE 11. WIRING CONNECTIONS FOR 300-3985 AND 300-3986 REMOTE CONTROLS

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